

US005494415A

# United States Patent [19]

# Morita

[11] Patent Number:

5,494,415

[45] Date of Patent:

Feb. 27, 1996

#### [54] MAGNETICALLY-DRIVEN PUMP

[76] Inventor: Yoshimitsu Morita, 8925 Riverbend

Dr., #19, Huntington Beach, Calif.

92647

[21]	Appl. No	.: 304,727	
[22]	Filed:	Sep. 12, 199	94
[51]	Int. Cl.6		F04B 43/09
[52]	U.S. Cl.		417/412
[58]	Field of Search		417/410.1, 412,
			417/322, 505; 604/67, 153

## [56] References Cited

#### U.S. PATENT DOCUMENTS

Re. 26,509 2,816,514 3,005,313	12/1968 12/1957 10/1961	Walton 417/412   Freese 417/412   Carlson 416/322
3,171,360 3,518,033	3/1965	
4,014,318 4,140,121	3/1977	Dockum et al
4,140,122 4,443,216		Kuhl et al 604/890.1 Chappell 417/412
4,501,405 4,565,497 5,286,176		Usry
, -,		

Primary Examiner-Richard A. Bertsch

Assistant Examiner—Peter G. Korytnyk Attorney, Agent, or Firm—Nilsson, Wurst & Green

## [57] ABSTRACT

A magnetically-driven pump transferring fluid through a conduit is provided, having an electromagnet assembly selectively excited by a power source, and a non-ferromagnetic lever structure extending from the electromagnet assembly to the conduit, the lever structure having a ferromagnetic portion, which may consist of a plate, at one end movable by the electromagnet assembly between a release position where the ferro-magnetic portion is angularly offset relative to the electromagnet assembly and a compression position where the ferro-magnetic portion is in substantially parallel contact with the electromagnet assembly, the ferromagnetic portion enabling a striker portion at another end of the lever structure to compress the conduit at a predetermined frequency. The lever structure couples movement of the ferro-magnetic portion at one end with movement of a striker at the other end such that the ferro-magnetic portion moves within a lesser arcuate range and the striker moves within a greater arcuate range. To reduce operating noise, the lever may be pivotally mounted on a translating shaft, enabling a part of the ferro-magnetic portion to remain in contact with the electromagnet assembly while in and between the release and compression positions.

## 20 Claims, 2 Drawing Sheets

